Federal Government of Somalia

Responding to suggestions made within the CG2 Part Four, Somalia seeks to influence provisions within this section, aiming to ensure that the framework reflects the realities and needs of developing countries. Recognizing the importance of tailored and practical approaches, Somalia’s contributions are geared towards fostering greater environmental resilience and adaptability in resource-constrained settings.

1. **National Implementation Plans:**
   a. Somalia would like to propose detailed guidelines for developing national implementation plans that are adaptable to the specific needs and capabilities of developing nations. This will need to include mechanisms for integrating traditional and local knowledge into these plans.
   b. Somalia suggests provisions that allow countries to develop their own tailored approaches based on their unique environmental, economic, and social contexts. This ensures flexibility and practicality in the execution of plans.

2. **Reporting:**
   a. Somalia would like to advocate for clear, structured, but flexible reporting frameworks that consider the limited resources of developing nations. This might include simplified reporting requirements or technical assistance in report generation.

3. **Compliance and Monitoring:**
   a. Somalia proposes the inclusion of flexible compliance mechanisms that recognize the challenges faced by developing countries, such as extended timelines or phased compliance stages.
   b. Somalia advocates for provisions that facilitate technology transfer specifically aimed at monitoring compliance, ensuring that technologies are both accessible and suitable for countries at various levels of technological advancement.

4. **Capacity Building:**
   a. Somalia requests robust capacity-building clauses that ensure continuous and targeted support for developing and implementing national plans, including technical, financial, and educational resources.