INTERVENTION

Part III.
2. Capacity-building, technical assistance and technology transfer

Regarding this section, Guatemala considers the following options as the most appropriated:

On the title, Guatemala considers Alt title 2: Capacity-building and technical assistance.

On paragraph 1, propose the following wording:

1. [[All Parties][Developed countries] shall [and stakeholders are encouraged to][provide] [cooperate to enable, within their respective capabilities,] the provision of [new and additional] timely, sustainable, [comprehensive and] enduring [and adequate and] appropriate capacity-building and financial and technical assistance [including on research and development]¹,² to [all] developing countries [most in need], in particular, to least developed countries and small island developing States [and environmentally and ecologically vulnerable developing countries] [countries with special geographical conditions or characteristics that are considered vulnerable to plastic pollution, including archipelagic states] [as well as countries with special geographical conditions or characteristics that are considered vulnerable to plastic pollution including archipelagic states], to assist them in implementing their obligations under this instrument* [and to retain such capacity once built].

   Capacity-building activities should place emphasis on supporting partners and stakeholders, in particular women, youth, workers of the informal (waste) sector, Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (IPLC) and other vulnerable groups, both in the development and implementation of such measures. [Capacity-building should be country-driven, based on and responsive to national needs, and foster country ownership of Parties, in particular, for developing country Parties.]

On paragraph 2, the original text provisions, Op2.
On paragraph 3, the original text provisions, Op3.

It is reiterated that the above is with the condition that the states must duly validate definitions and annexes and subject to the capacities and circumstances of the countries.
Part III.
Capacity-building, technical assistance and technology transfer
Alt title: Capacity-building, technical and scientific cooperation, technology transfer
Alt title 2: Capacity-building and technical assistance

1. All Parties shall [and stakeholders are encouraged to][provide] cooperate to enable, within their respective capabilities, the provision of new and additional timely, sustainable, comprehensive and enduring and adequate capacity-building and financial and technical assistance [including on research and development] \(^3\) \(^4\) to [all] developing countries [most in need], in particular, to least developed countries and small island developing States and environmentally and ecologically vulnerable developing countries \(^5\) [countries with special geographical conditions or characteristics that are considered vulnerable to plastic pollution, including archipelagic states] \[^{as well as countries with special geographical conditions or characteristics that are considered vulnerable to plastic pollution including archipelagic states}^4\] to assist them in implementing their obligations under this instrument* [and to retain such capacity once built]. \[^{Capacity building activities should place emphasis on supporting partners and stakeholders, in particular women, youth, workers of the informal (waste) sector, Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (IPLC) and other vulnerable groups, both in the development and implementation of such measures. Capacity-building should be country-driven, based on and responsive to national needs, and foster country ownership of Parties, in particular, for developing country Parties.}]^6

2. [The governing body* shall] [taking into consideration the developing countries Parties’ needs expressed through their national implementation reports][keep under review] [no later than at its third meeting, and thereafter on a regular basis the] capacity-building and technical assistance to support the implementation of this instrument* [and promote cooperation and coordination [as appropriate] with other multilateral environmental agreements and other relevant initiatives to increase the effectiveness of capacity-building and technical assistance.]

3. [Developed country Parties and other] Parties [within their respective capabilities] shall promote and facilitate [supported by the private sector and other relevant partners and stakeholders][as appropriate] the development, transfer on fair and most favourable terms, including on concessional and preferential terms, as mutually agreed [terms], and diffusion of and access to up-to-date environmentally sound and endogenous economical and efficient technologies to address plastic pollution to developing country Parties, in particular the least developed countries and small island developing States, and Parties with economies in transition, to strengthen their capacity to effectively implement this Instrument \[^{, including through [reduce, reuse, recycle, refill, repair, and non-plastic substitute] [safe and sustainable] [environmentally sound and sustainable] alternatives and non-plastic substitutes [with due consideration to proprietary rights]}^6\]. \[^{In implementing this provision, Parties shall promote and facilitate innovation and investment in pursuit of new technologies and innovative solutions[, and shall facilitate access to essential technologies, [including with respect to financial resources and proprietary rights.]]}^6\]