Proposal from CUBA

Part IV.

1. National Plans

NAP are necessary for the implementation of the Instrument.

The NAP have to be agreed according to the national capacities and with the focus on voluntary commitment.

It is not possible to define the exhaustive list of the context of the national plans because it will depend on what is agreed upon in the obligations of the Instrument.

Cuba would like to insert a differentiation between developed and developing countries regarding the review time, update and communication of National Plans.

It is important taking in to account different circumstances and national capacities in developing countries.

The capacity building, technical assistant and technology transfer must play an important role.

2. Implementation and compliance.

It is important a mechanism to facilitate implementation and promote compliance with, the provisions of this Instrument.

My delegation considers this part of the text is unbalanced. It is important taking into account the different circumstances and national capacities in developing countries.

My delegation can not accept the reference in the point 6 to written submissions from any Party regarding another Party compliance.

3. Reporting on progress

The reporting of progress is important for the implementation of this Instrument. We prefer to work on the option number 2.

The developing countries should have more time in order to present its report on progress.
5. International cooperation
Cuba considers important to promote international cooperation in support to the developing countries in order to face the challenge that implementation of the Instruments means.

It is also important to promotion access to technology, including technical and scientific cooperation, technical assistance and technology transfer.

6. Information exchange
Support this Section.

7. Stakeholder engagement
It is important the participation of all relevant stakeholders in the development and implementation of the Instrument, mobilizing the financial and technical resources from stakeholders including public and private finances.

In this regards, in the para 1 we propose to include private sector.