PART I

1. Preamble

The Zero Draft presents a placeholder in the preamble provision.
2. Objective

**Option 1**
1. The objective of this instrument* is to end plastic pollution, including in the marine environment, and to protect human health and the environment.

**Option 2**
1. The objective of this instrument* is to protect human health and the environment from plastic pollution, including in the marine environment. 

**Option 2 sub-options** that may be considered pertinent for the end of the paragraph:

1.1 by ending plastic pollution.
1.2 based on a comprehensive approach that addresses the full life cycle of plastic.
1.3 through the prevention, progressive reduction and elimination of plastic pollution throughout the life cycle of plastic by 2040.
1.4 through, inter alia, managing both the utilization of plastics and plastic waste, while contributing to the achievement of sustainable development.
3. Definitions

The Zero Draft presents a placeholder in the definitions provision.
4. Principles

The Zero Draft presents a placeholder in the principles provision.
5. Scope

The Zero Draft presents a placeholder in the scope provision.
PART II

1. Primary plastic polymers

1. Parties shall take the necessary measures to prevent and mitigate the potential for adverse impacts on human health or the environment from the production of primary plastic polymers, including their feedstocks and precursors.

Option 1

2. Each Party shall not allow its level of production and supply of primary plastic polymers to exceed the reduction target specified in part I of annex A.

Option 2

2. Parties shall manage and reduce the global production and supply of primary plastic polymers to achieve the global target set out in part I of annex A.

3. Each party shall, in order to achieve the target referred to in paragraph 2, develop nationally determined targets to reduce its level of production and take the necessary measures to achieve them.

4. Each party shall reflect the measures taken to implement this provision in their respective national plans communicated pursuant to [part IV.1 on national plans], including their intended level of domestic supply of primary plastic polymers including, as relevant, domestic production, expressed in percentage terms in relation to the baseline set out in part I of annex A, for each reporting period specified in [part IV.3 on reporting on progress].

Option 3

2. Parties shall take the necessary measures to manage and reduce the global production and supply of primary plastic polymers referred to in paragraph 1.

3. The measures taken to implement this provision shall be reflected in the national plans communicated pursuant to [part IV.1 on national plans] and shall include the intended level of domestic supply including, as relevant, domestic production, and the measures taken to manage and reduce it.

Provisions common for the Options above

[3][5][4]. Each Party shall take appropriate effective measures to reduce the demand for and production of primary plastic polymers, including:

a. market- and price-based measures;

b. removal of subsidies and other fiscal incentives to the production of primary plastic polymers; and

c. the establishment, as applicable, of regulatory requirements for primary plastic polymer producers.

The measures taken to implement this provision shall be reflected in the national plan communicated pursuant to [part IV.1 on national plans].
2. Chemicals and polymers of concern

**Option 1**

1. Each Party shall take the necessary measures to not allow and to eliminate, at the latest by the dates provided in part II of annex A, the use or presence of the chemicals, groups of chemicals and polymers listed in part II of annex A in the production of plastic polymers, plastics and plastic products, except as provided in that annex.

2. Each Party shall take the necessary measures to not allow and to eliminate, at the latest by the dates provided in part II of annex A, the use or presence of the chemicals, groups of chemicals and polymers listed in part II of annex A in the production of plastic polymers, plastics and plastic products, except as provided in that annex.

**Option 2**

1. Parties shall take the necessary measures, including those referred to in paragraph 2, to minimize, and as appropriate eliminate, the use and presence in plastic polymers, plastics and plastic products of chemicals, groups of chemicals and polymers with the potential for adverse impacts on human health or the environment at any stage of the plastic life cycle, or with properties that may hinder their safe and environmentally sound management, including their reusability, repairability, recyclability and disposal.

2. Each Party shall take the necessary measures to not allow, or to regulate, as appropriate, the use and presence in plastic polymers, plastics and plastic products of the chemicals, groups of chemicals and polymers identified in part II of annex A. The measures taken to implement this provision shall be reflected in the national plan communicated pursuant to [part IV.1 on national plans].

**Option 3**

1. Each Party shall take the necessary measures to not allow, or to regulate, the presence and use, in plastic polymers, plastics and plastic products, of chemicals, groups of chemicals and polymers with the potential for adverse impacts on human health or the environment at any stage of the product life cycle, or with properties that may hinder their safe and environmentally sound management, including their reusability, repairability, recyclability and disposal, based on the criteria contained in annex A. The measures taken to implement this provision shall be reflected in the national plan communicated pursuant to [part IV.1 on national plans].

**Provisions common for Options 1 and 2**

[3][2] Where production or use of a regulated chemical, group of chemicals or polymer listed in part II of annex A is permitted, each Party with such production or use shall:

a. Take appropriate measures to ensure that any such production or use is carried out in a manner that prevents and minimizes human exposure or release into the environment throughout the life cycle of the chemical, polymer or product concerned and fosters the safe and environmentally sound management, including the recyclability and disposal, of the polymers, plastics, and plastic products containing them;

b. Take appropriate measures to ensure that all such chemicals, groups of chemicals and polymers, and products containing them, are used in a manner consistent with part II of annex A and managed in a safe and environmentally sound manner throughout their life cycle, including for their final disposal;
c. Require producers and importers of such chemicals, groups of chemicals, polymers and products containing them to provide to government authorities, in addition to the information required under [part II.14 on transparency, tracking, monitoring and labelling], complete information about the hazards to human health or the environment associated with the relevant chemical, polymer or product, and related implications for their safe use, recyclability and disposal, based on the harmonized requirements contained in part II of annex A;¹¹ and
d. Require producers and importers of the relevant chemicals, polymers or products to appropriately mark and label them based on the harmonized requirements contained in part II of annex A, to allow their safe and environmentally sound use and handling throughout their life cycle, including their final disposal.¹²

¹¹ Each Party is encouraged to include in its reporting pursuant to [part IV.3 on reporting on progress] any measures it has taken to not allow, or to restrict, the use in plastics and plastic products of chemicals, groups of chemicals and polymers not included in part II of annex A that have the potential for adverse impacts on human health or the environment at any stage of the product life cycle, or to hinder the safe and environmentally sound management, including recyclability and disposal, of the final product.
3. Problematic plastic products and avoidable plastic products and groups of such products, including short-lived and single-use plastic products and intentionally added microplastics

a. Problematic plastic products and avoidable plastic products and groups of such products, including short-lived and single-use plastic products

Option 1
1. Each Party shall not allow\(^{14}\) the production, sale, distribution, import or export of the plastic products, including short-lived and single-use plastic products, listed in part II of annex B\(^ {15}\) after the dates specified for those products, and identified based on criteria set out in part I of annex B, \(^{16}\) except where the Party has a registered exemption for the relevant product(s) under part II of annex B pursuant to [part II.4 on exemptions available to a Party upon request].
2. Each Party shall reduce restrict the production, sale, distribution, import or export of the plastic products listed in part III of annex B identified based on the criteria and within the timeframe set out in the same annex. \(^{17}\)

Option 2
1. Each Party should take the necessary measures to regulate and reduce and, as appropriate, not allow the production, sale, distribution, import or export of problematic and avoidable plastic products, including short-lived and single-use plastic products, identified based on the criteria contained in part I of annex B. The measures taken to implement this provision, including the appropriate nationally determined timeframes for reduction and phase-out, shall be reflected in the national plan communicated pursuant to [part IV.1 on national plans].
b. Intentionally added microplastics

**Option 1**

1. Each Party shall not allow the production, use in manufacturing, sale, distribution, import or export of plastics and products containing intentionally added microplastics, except where an exception is specified in part IV of annex B.

**Option 2**

1. Each Party shall identify plastics and products containing intentionally added microplastics in accordance with the criteria contained in part V of annex B, and take the necessary measures to manage, restrict and, where appropriate, not allow, their production, use in manufacturing, sale, distribution, import or export.

2. Each Party shall share information on the measures taken pursuant to paragraph 1 through the online registry established under [part IV.6 on information exchange] with the aim of promoting transparency.\textsuperscript{18}
4. Exemptions available to a party upon request

[1. Any Party may register, in accordance with the provisions of [part II.3 on problematic and avoidable plastic products, including short-lived and single-use plastic products and intentionally added microplastics, Option 1] an exemption19 from the phase-out dates listed in part II in annex B for specific products, hereafter referred to as an “exemption”, in accordance with the procedure [set out in ...].
2. All exemptions referred to in paragraph 1 shall expire [X] years after the relevant phase-out dates listed in part II of annex B, unless a Party, when registering an exemption, indicated a shorter expiration period, in which case the expiration date indicated by the Party shall apply.
3. The governing body* may decide to extend an exemption for a period requested by the Party but not exceeding [X] years, in accordance with the procedure [set out in ...]. An exemption may only be extended [X] times per entry per phase-out date.
4. No Party may have an exemption in effect at any time after [X] years after the phase-out date for a plastic product listed in part II of annex B.]
5. Product design, composition and performance

a. Product design and performance

1. Each Party shall take measures, including those referred to in paragraphs 2 and 3, to enhance the design of plastic products, including packaging, and improve the composition of plastics and plastic products, with a view to:
   a. Reducing demand for and use of primary plastic polymers, plastics and plastic products;
   b. Increasing the safety, durability, reusability, refillability, repairability and refurbishability of plastics and plastic products, as relevant, and their capacity to be repurposed, recycled at scale and in practice and disposed of in a safe and environmentally sound manner upon becoming waste; and
   c. Minimizing releases and emissions from plastics and plastic products, including microplastics.

Option 1

2. Each Party shall require plastics and plastic products produced within its territory and those available on its market to comply with the minimum design and performance criteria and other related elements contained in part I of annex C, including, where relevant, sector- or product-specific criteria and elements, within the timeframe defined in that annex.

3. Each Party shall establish and maintain certification procedures and labelling requirements for plastics and plastic products produced within its territory and those available on its market, based on the design and performance criteria and other related elements contained in part I of annex C, including, where relevant, sector- or product-specific criteria and elements, and shall require plastics and plastic products to be appropriately labelled in accordance with these criteria and elements.

Option 2

2. Each Party should adopt design and performance criteria and regulatory schemes to:
   a. Reduce the use of plastics across the value chain, including in product packaging; and
   b. Increase the safety, durability, reusability, refillability, repairability and refurbishability of plastics and plastic products, as relevant, and their capacity to be repurposed, recycled and disposed of in a safe and environmentally sound manner upon becoming waste;

in accordance with the elements contained in part I of annex C, and taking into account relevant international standards and guidelines, including any relevant sector- or product-specific standards and guidelines. The measures adopted pursuant to this provision shall be reflected in the national plan communicated pursuant to [part IV.1 on national plans].

3. Each Party should establish, in accordance with the elements contained in part I of annex C, transparency, labelling and certification procedures and requirements for plastics and plastic products that conform to the design and performance criteria established pursuant to paragraph 1.

Provision common for Options above

4. Parties are encouraged to work with relevant international organizations towards the development of standards and guidelines at the multilateral level, including on a sectoral basis as relevant, to reduce the use of plastics in products across the value chain, including in product packaging, and improve the design of plastic products to increase their safety, durability, reusability, refillability, repairability, recyclability in practice and refurbishability, and their capacity to be repurposed, recycled and disposed of in a safe and environmentally sound manner upon becoming waste.
**b. Reduce, reuse, refill and repair of plastics and plastic products**

**Option 1**

1. Each Party shall, based on guidance to be adopted by the governing body* at its first session, take effective and environmentally beneficial measures to ensure promote the reduction in the use of plastics and plastic products through, as relevant, reuse, refill, repair, repurposing and refurbishment, as relevant, of plastics and plastic products produced or used within its territory and those available on its market, in particular through the implementation of reuse, refill and repair systems.25

2. Each Party shall by taking the necessary measures including those referred to in paragraph 1, to achieve the minimum reduction, reuse, refill and repair targets contained in part II of annex C within the timeframe identified in that annex, for plastics and plastic products produced or used within its territory and those available on its market. This should be based, where relevant, on a sectorial approach.

3. Parties are encouraged to work with relevant international organizations at the multilateral level towards the development of standards and guidelines for reuse and refill systems.

4. The measures taken to implement this provision may include the use of regulatory and economic instruments,29 public procurements, the establishment of EPR schemes, as set out in part VII or incentivizing changes in the supply chain and in consumer behaviour and shall be reflected in the national plan communicated pursuant to [part IV.1 on national plans].

**Option 2**

1. Each Party shall, based on guidance to be provided by the governing body* at the latest by its second session, take effective measures to promote the reuse, refill, repair, repurposing and refurbishment, as relevant, of plastics and plastic products produced within its territory and those available on its market, in particular through the implementation of reuse, refill and repair systems.26

2. Each Party should adopt timebound targets in support of this objective.

**Provision common for Options above**

3. The measures taken to implement the provisions of this Article shall be reflected in the national plan communicated pursuant to [part IV.1 on national plans].
### c. Use of recycled plastic contents

**Option 1**

1. Each Party shall require plastics and plastic products produced within its territory and those available on its market to contain minimum percentages of safe and environmentally sound post-consumer recycled plastic, as set out in part III of annex C, within the timeframe specified in that annex.

**Option 2**

1. Each Party should take the necessary measures for plastics and plastic products produced within its territory and those available on its market to achieve minimum percentages of safe and environmentally sound postconsumer recycled plastic contents, based on the elements contained in part III of annex C. The measures taken to implement this provision shall be reflected in the national plan communicated pursuant to [part IV.1 on national plans].

**Provision common for Options above**

2. Each Party shall take measures to ensure that, where needed possible, primary plastic in products is replaced by safe and environmentally sound recycled plastic content. The measures taken to implement this provision may include the use of regulatory and economic instruments, public procurement, the establishment of EPR schemes, as set out in part VII or incentivizing changes in the supply chain and in consumer behaviour and shall be reflected in the national plan communicated pursuant to [part IV.1 on national plans].
**d. Alternative plastics and plastic products**

**Option 1**

1. This treaty shall apply to alternative plastics and plastic products which include bio-based, biodegradable and compostable plastics.

2. Parties shall be guided by the waste hierarchy and ensure that reduction in the use of all plastics and prevention of plastic waste, including from non-fossil feedstocks, will prevail when considering the development and use of alternative plastics and plastic products.

3. Parties shall ensure that alternative plastics and plastic products are safe, environmentally sound and sustainable, based on the minimum design and performance criteria and other related elements contained in Part I of Annex C, including distinct sustainability criteria for (i) bio-based plastics, (ii) biodegradable plastics and (iii) compostable plastics. The criteria shall build on a full lifecycle analysis and take into account their potential for environmental, economic, social and human health impacts, including food security.

4. Parties may consider economic instruments to incentivize alternative plastics and plastic products.

5. Each Party shall take the necessary measures to ensure that environmental claims on (i) bio-based, (ii) biodegradable and (iii) compostable plastics are substantiated. Those measures may include labelling requirements, as set out in Part II.13, to comply with.

6. Parties are encouraged to work with relevant international organizations towards the development of standards and guidelines at the multilateral level to ensure that (i) bio-based, (ii) biodegradable and (iii) compostable plastics are safe, environmentally sound and sustainable.

**Option 2**

1. Parties should encourage the development and use of safe, environmentally sound and sustainable alternative plastics and plastic products, including through regulatory measures and economic instruments.

2. Parties, in implementing the above provision, shall ensure that alternative plastics and plastic products are safe, environmentally sound and sustainable, taking into account their potential for environmental, economic, social and human health impacts, including food security.
6. Non-plastic substitutes

1. Each Party shall take measures to foster research and innovation and incentivize and promote the development and use at scale of safe, environmentally sound, and sustainable non-plastic substitutes and shall ensure that the application of the waste hierarchy and comparative life cycle analysis prevail over the use and promotion of non-plastics substitutes. including products, technologies and services, taking into account their potential for environmental, economic, social and human health impacts.

2. Parties are encouraged to use regulatory and economic instruments, public procurement and incentives to promote the development and use of safe, environmentally sound and sustainable non-plastic substitutes.
7. Extended producer responsibility

**Option 1**
1. Each Party shall establish and operate Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) systems, on a sectoral or products basis, including based on the modalities covering the products contained in annex D, and taking into account national circumstances and capabilities, to incentivize plastic reduction, reuse, increased recyclability, promote high-quality recycling and higher recycling rates, and enhance the accountability of producers and importers for safe and environmentally sound management and for littering, of plastics and plastic products throughout their life cycle and across international supply chains.

2. Parties shall, in implementing this provision, take into account how the measures taken would contribute to a just transition. These measures shall be reflected in the national plan communicated pursuant to [part IV.1 on national plans].

**Option 2**
1. Each Party is encouraged to establish and operate Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) systems, including, where relevant, on a sectoral basis, to incentivize increased recyclability, promote higher recycling rates, and enhance the accountability of producers and importers for safe and environmentally sound management, of plastics and plastic products throughout their life cycle and across international supply chains.

2. The governing body shall, at its first session, adopt modalities to inform the establishment of national EPR systems and define their essential features, and to support their harmonization, taking into account the objective of ensuring a just transition.
8. and releases of plastic throughout its life cycle

1. Each Party shall prevent and eliminate the emissions and releases of plastic polymers, plastics, including microplastics, and plastic products across their life cycle, to the environment from the sources identified in annex E by the dates identified therein. The emissions and releases covered under this provision should include:
   a. Emissions of hazardous substances, including microplastics, to air;
   b. Releases to soil and water from the production, transportation and use of chemicals and polymers of concern, plastics and plastic products; and
   c. Releases of chemicals and polymers of concern, plastics and plastic products, including microplastics, to air, soil, and water, and ecosystems.

2. Each Party shall prevent and eliminate emissions and releases of plastic pellets, flakes and powder from production, storage, handling and transport, taking into account, as appropriate, the relevant provisions and guidance agreed in the framework of international organizations such as the International Maritime Organization.

3. The measures taken to implement the provisions of this Article shall be reflected in the national plan communicated pursuant to [part IV.1 on national plans].

4. The governing body*, at its first session, shall adopt guidelines, including where relevant, sectoral guidelines, to facilitate implementation of the obligations set out in paragraphs 1 and 2, including emission and effluent standards, sector-specific best available techniques and best environmental practices on preventing emissions and releases, and best available techniques and best environmental practices to capture and remove plastic pollution, including microplastics from freshwater bodies, the marine environment and ecosystems.

5. Parties are encouraged to promote scientific and technical innovation to prevent and capture the releases of plastics and plastic products, including microplastics, into the marine environment.
9. Waste management
a. Waste management

Option 1

1. Each Party shall take effective measures to ensure that plastic waste is managed in a safe and environmentally sound manner throughout its different stages, including handling, collection, sorting, transportation, storage, recycling, other recovery including energy recovery and final disposal, taking into account the waste hierarchy.

2. Each Party shall meet the requirements, including where relevant through a sectoral approach, for minimum safe and environmentally sound management of plastic waste, including through collection, recycling and disposal rates, set out in part I of annex F, respecting relevant provisions and taking into account relevant provisions, guidance and guidelines in other international agreements, including those developed under the Basel Convention on the Control of Transboundary Movements of Hazardous Wastes and their Disposal, the London Convention on the Prevention of Marine Pollution by Dumping of Wastes and Other Matter and its Protocol on the International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships.

3. The governing body* shall, where necessary, adopt requirements, guidance and guidelines for the implementation of the provisions in paragraph 2, additional or complementary to the relevant guidance and guidelines developed under other international agreements mentioned above.

Option 2

1. Each Party shall take effective measures on safe and environmentally sound waste management at its different stages, including handling, collection, transportation, storage, recycling and final disposal of plastic waste. The measures taken to implement this provision shall be reflected in the national plan communicated pursuant to [part IV.1 on national plans], with an aim to achieving nationally determined targets and minimum requirements developed based on the harmonized indicators set out in part II of annex F.

2. The governing body* shall adopt at its first session, and subsequently update as needed, guidelines on safe and environmentally sound management of plastic waste, taking into account the waste hierarchy and other relevant international guidelines and guidance.

Provisions common for Options above

[4][3] Each Party shall not allow waste management practices listed in part III of annex F that may lead to the emissions and releases of hazardous substances, and shall regulate the other allowed waste management practices that may lead to the emissions and releases of the hazardous substances listed in part IV of annex F.

[5][4] Each Party shall take the necessary measures to prevent open dumping, ocean dumping, littering and open burning.

[6][5] Parties shall take additional measures to:

   a. invest in waste management systems and infrastructure that enable environmentally sound management of plastic waste;

   b. promote investment and mobilize resources from all sources to cover financing gaps for waste management systems and infrastructure that enable environmentally sound management of plastic waste and enhance waste management capacity, in light of current and expected waste generation levels; and

   c. incentivize behavioural changes throughout the value chain and raise consumer awareness on sustainable consumption.

[7][6] The measures taken to implement the provisions of this Article shall be reflected in the national plan communicated pursuant to [part IV.1 on national plans]
**b. Fishing gear**

1. Each Party shall cooperate and take effective measures, including appropriate design, marking, tracing, retrieval and reporting requirements, to prevent, reduce and eliminate, abandoned, lost or otherwise discarded fishing gear containing plastic, taking into account internationally agreed rules, standards and recommended practices and procedures. The measures taken to implement this provision shall be reflected in the national plan communicated pursuant to [part IV.1 on national plans].

The measures taken to implement this provision shall be reflected in the national plan communicated pursuant to [part IV.1 on national plans].

2. Each party shall take effective measures towards collection and environmentally sound waste management of fishing gear.

2. Parties shall promote synergy and complementarity with relevant initiatives and organizations in their respective actions towards safe disposal of fishing gear, the prevention of plastic pollution from fishing gear.

4. The measures taken to implement the provisions of this article shall be reflected in the national plan communicated pursuant to [part IV.1 on national plans].
10. Trade in listed chemicals, polymers and products, and in plastic waste

a. **Trade in listed chemicals, polymers and products**

1. Each Party shall not export:
   a. a chemical, group of chemicals or polymer referred to in [part II.2 on chemicals and polymers of concern], for use in plastic production or incorporation into a plastic product;
   b. a plastic product containing any such chemical or polymer; or
   c. a microplastic or product addressed in [part II.3 on problematic and avoidable plastic products, including short-lived and single-use product, and intentionally added microplastics];

except where the production and use of such chemical, polymer or product is permitted under this instrument* and with the prior informed consent of the importing State.  

2. Each Party exporting a chemical, polymer or product referred to in paragraph 1 pursuant to this provision shall establish an export permit requirement for such exports, and obtain the prior informed consent of the importing State in writing, together with its assurances that the chemical, polymer, microplastic or product, once imported, will be used in a manner consistent with the conditions contained in part II of annex A or in Annex B, as relevant, and managed in a safe and environmentally sound manner throughout its life cycle, including for final disposal.

3. Each Party exporting pursuant to this provision a chemical or polymer listed in part II of annex A, a product containing any of these, or a microplastic or product listed in annex B, shall require the exporter to:
   a. provide to the importing State and the importer complete harmonized information about the composition of the exported polymer, chemical or product and the associated hazards to human health or the environment, based on the harmonized disclosure requirements contained in annex A, including safety data sheets, as relevant;
   b. mark and label the exported chemical, polymer or product in accordance with relevant harmonized labelling requirements contained in annex A, as relevant; and
   c. comply with the relevant generally accepted and recognized international rules, standards and practices for packaging, labelling and transport.

4. Where a customs code under the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System is available for a chemical, polymer, microplastic or product listed in annex A or B, each Party shall require its shipping document to bear that code when exported.

5. Each Party shall not import:
   a. a chemical, group of chemicals or polymer referred to in [part II.2 on chemicals and polymers of concern];
   b. a plastic product containing any such chemical or polymer; or
   c. a microplastic or product addressed in [part II.3 on problematic and avoidable plastic products, including short-lived and single-use product, and intentionally added microplastics];

except for the purposes of use permitted under this instrument*, or for the purpose of their safe and environmentally sound disposal in accordance with the requirements of [part II.9 on waste management].

6. In case of export to, or import from a non-Party to this instrument, each Party shall apply the provisions of this article, on a non-discriminatory basis.
[b. Transboundary movement of plastic waste]

1. Each Party shall not allow transboundary movement of plastic waste, except for the purpose of its safe and environmentally sound management, with the prior informed consent of the importing State, and in a manner consistent with obligations under this instrument.

2. Each Party exporting plastic waste pursuant to this provision shall establish and implement an export permit requirement for such exports and track the types, volumes and destination of all its exports of plastic waste.

3. Where transboundary movement of plastic waste is permitted pursuant to paragraph 1, each exporting Party shall:
   a) not allow the transboundary movement to commence until it has received the written consent of the importing State, which shall include that State’s assurances that the exported plastic waste will be managed in an environmentally sound manner;
   b) require the exporter to:
      i. provide to the importing State and the importer complete information about the composition of the exported waste, including its contents in polymers, chemicals and plastics, and any associated hazards to human health or the environment, based on the relevant harmonized disclosure requirements contained in annex A, including safety data sheets, as relevant;
      ii. mark and label the exported waste in accordance with the relevant harmonized labelling requirements contained in annex A, as relevant; and
      iii. comply with generally accepted and recognized international rules, standards and practices for packaging, labelling and transport.

4. The governing body shall, at its first session, adopt guidance for the implementation of the provision set out in paragraph 3, taking into account as appropriate relevant arrangements under other multilateral environmental agreements.

5. Each Party shall prevent and eliminate illegal trade in plastic waste.

6. Parties shall promote synergy and complementarity with relevant organizations and intergovernmental bodies and cooperate towards the adoption and implementation of effective measures to prevent and eliminate illegal exports and dumping of plastic waste.]
11. Existing plastic pollution, including marine environment

1. Parties shall cooperate to:
   a. cooperate to assess, identify and prioritize accumulation zones, \(^{63}\) hotspots \(^{64}\) and sectors:
      i. most affected by existing plastic pollution \(^{65}\), in the terrestrial, freshwater including and in the marine environment; and
      ii. where quantities and types of litter pose a threat to species or habitats taking into account the full life cycle of plastics.
   b. take effective mitigation and remediation measures, including clean-up activities for the accumulation zones, hotspots and sectors identified, taking into account the provisions in existing international agreements including those relevant to the conservation and sustainable use of terrestrial, freshwater and marine environment and biological diversity, including in areas beyond national jurisdiction \(^{66}\) and
   c. promote engagement of all stakeholders, including the local communities, population and citizens, non-governmental organization as well as the private sector, in safe and environmentally sound remediation activities.

2. Each Party should make publicly available information on common plastic pollution types and practices and behaviours that lead to plastic pollution, to raise awareness and prevent further plastic pollution, including littering in floodplains, coastal and freshwater areas.

3. The measures taken to implement the provisions of this Article shall be reflected in the national plan communicated pursuant to [part IV.1 on national plans].

4. The governing body* shall, at its first session, adopt:
   a. indicators to identify accumulation zones, hotspots and sectors; and
   b. guidance on best available techniques and best environmental practices, developed on the basis of best available science, to address existing plastic pollution, with a view to ensuring the clean-up activities do not have potential for negative impacts on the environment, biodiversity and human health.
12. Just transition

1. Each Party shall promote and facilitate a fair, equitable and inclusive transition for affected populations, with special consideration for women and vulnerable groups, including children and youth, in the implementation of this instrument*. This may include:
   a. Designating a national coordinating body for engagement with relevant stakeholders, including public authorities, non-governmental organizations and local communities;
   b. Enabling policies and conditions to improve income, opportunities and livelihoods for impacted communities, including workforce training, development and social programmes, according to their needs and priorities;
   c. Incentivizing the development of skills and job opportunities across the plastic value chain, including for the development of reuse, repair, waste collection and sorting;
   d. Promoting a safe working clean, healthy and sustainable environment for communities and workers across the value chain, including workers in the waste management sector;
   e. Improving working conditions for workers in the waste management sector, including by providing legal recognition and protection to workers in informal and cooperative settings and facilitating the formalization of their associations or cooperatives;
   f. Integrating workers in informal and cooperative settings into a safe plastics value chain, including by requiring plastic product producers, recycling and waste management companies to integrate plastics collected and sorted by them into their operation schemes; and
   g. [Requiring a portion of the fees collected through EPR schemes to be used to improve infrastructure and improve the livelihoods and opportunities for, and develop the skills of, workers in the waste sector, including waste workers in informal and cooperative settings.]

2. The measures taken to implement this provision shall be reflected in the national plan communicated pursuant to [part IV.1 on national plans].
13. Transparency, tracking, monitoring and labelling

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<td>1. Each Party shall:</td>
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<td>a.</td>
<td>require producers and importers to disclose harmonized information on the chemical composition of all plastics and plastic products throughout their life cycle;</td>
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<td>b.</td>
<td>take appropriate measures to ensure the traceability of chemicals, polymers and the plastic contents of products throughout the life cycle of plastics and plastic products, based on guidelines to be adopted by the governing body* at its first session, in particular for the purposes of their safe and environmentally sound use, recycling and disposal; and</td>
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<tr>
<td>c.</td>
<td>establish marking and labelling requirements based on guidance to be adopted by the governing body* at its first session, in particular for the purposes of the safe and environmentally sound use, recycling and disposal of plastics and plastic products.</td>
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<td>2.</td>
<td>Each Party shall monitor and track the types and volumes of its production, imports and exports of chemicals and polymers used in the production of plastic polymers, plastics and plastic products, and regulated plastic products across their life cycle. 68</td>
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<td>3.</td>
<td>Each Party shall report the information collected pursuant to paragraph 2, together with information on the recycling facilities functioning within its territory, in a standardized format to the governing body*.</td>
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